WHEN TRUST MATTERS



Digital samhandling læring fra industrien

Faglig arena for datadeling og informasjonsforvaltning

Lillian Hella & Karl John Pedersen 02 April 2025

LILLIAN HELLA

DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION CONSULTANT, DIGITAL ASSURANCE



Lillian joined DNV in 2022 and is part of a team aiming to provide continuous, integrated and automated assurance services by harnessing the power of advanced technologies such as artificial intelligence, knowledge graphs and ontologies.

Personally has a focus on supporting the energy industry with project and asset information management, data interoperability, and information quality. Project leader for DNV's recommended practice for asset information modelling framework (DNV RP-0670).

Lillian.Hella@dnv.com +47 91246864

KARL JOHN PEDERSEN

HEAD OF DIGITAL TRUST



Karl John joined DNV in 2011 and is part of a team who develop requirements, standards and solutions to help industry build trust in and increase the value of digital solutions, covering data quality, data interoperability, AI-based systems, machine learning (ML) and digital twins.

Personally has a focus on data including data governance, management and quality. DAMA Certified Data Management Professional Associate. In addition has a background in GIS with 20 years of industry experience working within analysis and development.

Karl.John.Pedersen@dnv.com +47 95002061

Agenda

- 1. Background to presentation
- 2. Problem
- 3. Solution and example
- 4. Putting into context
 - 1. Application in the public sector



Background to presentation



DNV lanserer retningslinjer for digitalt språk

DNV har publisert et sett med retningslinjer som skal hjelpe energisektoren med mer effektiv og standardisert informasjonsutveksling.

COMPUTERWORLD ⊘ 10/02/2025 - 10:15 \$ computerworld

https://www.cw.no/digitalt-sprak-dnv-energisektoren/dnv-lanserer-retningslinjer-for-digitalt-sprak/2379865



A global assurance and risk management company



classification and advisory



verification, inspection and monitoring



Software, cyber security, platforms and digital solutions



Management system certification, supply chain and product assurance



We enable our customers and their stakeholders to manage risk and complexity with confidence









Certify, verify and test

against standards, specifications and regulatory requirements

Qualify and assure

new technologies, systems, data, platforms, supply- and value chains

Give expert advice

on safety, technology and commercial risk, and operational performance

Co-create and share

new rules, standards, software and recommended practices, asset management

Themes covered in the presentation



Information Modelling

- Build ontologies based on industry standards for semantic technology
- Create a common digital language and framework which enable efficient flows of information between disciplines and work processes
- Assessments to verifying adherence to industry ontology standards



Data Management

- Support in the development of data quality and management practices
- Digital assurance
- Evaluate data quality management capability levels
- Implement robust data governance processes



AI & ML

- Build AI powered models
- Assurance of AI model, building quality control into the senor system, data quality, and algorithms
- Ensure compliance with the latest regulatory requirements
- Assurance of ML model

Semantic interoperability between actors



Problem



Typical facility





Document centric way of working







Source V. Tverbakk Aker BP DISC Reasoning pilot Final presentation Nov 2024

Requirements – procurement example

Purchaser									
requ				uirements		Supplier of	tering	J	
	Α	В	С	G	Н	L	М	QR	
1 0GP S-718D (1.01) Procurement Data heet for Basic Process Measurement Instrument									
21	20	4.1.6, 6.2.1	Ingress protection :	IP68		IP67		Does not meet requirement	
22	21	4.3.3.1	Ex protection :	Exia		Eixb	L	Туро	
23	22	4.3.3.1	Hazardous area classification standard :	IEC 60079			L	Missing value	
24	23	4.3.3.1	Explosion hazard classification :	zone 0		zone 1	L	Does not meet requirement	
25	24	4.3.3.1	Explosion group :	IIC		IIC	L		
26	25	4.3.3.1	Temperature class :	Т3		T4		Meets requirement	
34	33		Design temperature - maximum :	22	°C			······	
35	34		Design temperature - minimum :	-10	°C			· · · · · ·	
46	45		Minimum operating temperature :	-70	°C			Min operating > Min design	
49	48		Maximum operating temperature :	12	°C			······	
116	#		Temperature element sheath outside diameter :	6 mm		6 mm			
131	#		Thermowell bore diameter (d) :	6,6 mm		1 mm		Does not meet requirement	
139	#		Supply voltage :	24 V DC loop power				Missing value	
140	#		Signal type :	4-20 mA		4-20 mA			
141	#		Power supply type :	hardwired		hardvied		Туро	
142	#		Cable entry :	M20 x 1.5		M20 x 1.5			
143	#		Cable termination :	screwed		screwed			
144	#	4.1.2.2	Communication protocol :	4-20mA HART		4-20mA HART			
149	148	Ba	Calibration min :	0	°F	0	°C	Different UoM	
150	148	Bb	Calibration max :	30	К	30	°C	Wrong UoM	
151	#		Measurement range, minimum :	-50	°C				
152	#		Measurement range, maximum :	50	°C				
154	#		Lower range limit :		select	50	°C	Min value > Max value	
155	#		Upper range limit :		select	30	°C		
157	#	7.3.1, 7.3.2.2, 7.3	Accuracy :	±1	% of span	±4	% of span	Does not meet requirement	

Solution



Data centric way of working





Integration Scenarios

- Interoperability: exchange data correctly and consistently
- Point-to-point integration
 - Direct communication between systems
 - · Challenge: maintenance, scalability, lack of flexibility
 - Mappings: data-level interoperability
 - Scope: direct data transformation (format and schema)
 - Example: "Field 1" in System A mapped to "temp_value" in System B
- Star-shaped (hub-and-spoke) integration
 - · Indirect communication via a centralised hub
 - · Benefit: easier to scale, maintain and modify
 - · Alignments: semantic interoperability
 - Scope: Semantic harmonisation of concepts
 - Example: "Sensor" in System A, "Probe" in System B are both types of "Measurement Device"
- Scalability: quadratic vs. linearly many connections



Architecture

Source data

Consumer



The Havtil pilot – from unstructured to contextualized data



Putting this in context

Application in the public sector





Semantic interoperability between actors



'Samhandlingshjulet' – success factors

- Every actor must be digital
- It is not possible to share data to an actor that is not digital
- Get your own house in order first.
- You can then focus on working together digitally

The interoperability challenge

 Are data fit for use - exchange data correctly and consistently Standardised digital language and information model Is it possible to show, understand and interpret data automatically? 	Semantic interoperability
 Procedures, business and payment model which is suitable for both parties 	Process and business interoperability
 Right to share, allowed to receive? – IPR, licence, GDPR, lawful etc. – Need for data Service Level Agreement 	Legal interoperability
 Do you have the technical and security ability to share according to your own and the recipient's 	Technical interoperability

Rammeverk for digital samhandling: digdir.no/digital-samhandling/rammeverk-digital-samhandling/2148

WHEN TRUST MATTERS

Spørsmål?

Lillian.Hella@dnv.com +47 91246864

Karl.John.Pedersen@dnv.com +47 95002061

www.dnv.com



23 DNV © 02 APRIL 2025